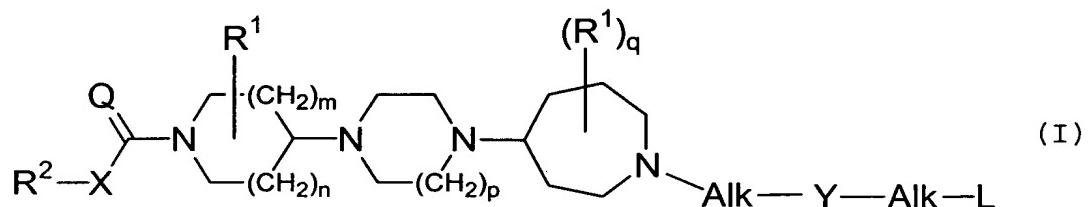


**Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the

5 application:

1. (Original) A compound according to the general  
Formula (I)



- 10 n is an integer, equal to 0, 1 or 2;  
m is an integer, equal to 1 or 2, provided that if m is  
2, then n is 1;  
p is an integer equal to 1 or 2;  
q is an integer equal to 0 or 1;  
15 Q is O or NR<sup>3</sup>;  
X is a covalent bond or a bivalent radical of formula -  
O-, -S- or -NR<sup>3</sup>-;  
each R<sup>3</sup> independently from each other, is hydrogen or  
alkyl;  
20 each R<sup>1</sup> independently from each other, is selected from  
the group of Ar<sup>1</sup>, Ar<sup>1</sup>-alkyl and di(Ar<sup>1</sup>)-alkyl;  
R<sup>2</sup> is Ar<sup>2</sup>, Ar<sup>2</sup>-alkyl, di(Ar<sup>2</sup>)alkyl, Het<sup>1</sup> or Het<sup>1</sup>-alkyl;  
Y is a covalent bond or a bivalent radical of formula -  
C(=O)-, -SO<sub>2</sub>- >C=CH-R or >C=N-R, wherein R is H,  
25 CN or nitro ;  
each Alk represents, independently from each other, a  
covalent bond; a bivalent straight or branched,  
saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon radical  
having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms; or a cyclic  
saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon radical

having from 3 to 6 carbon atoms; each radical optionally substituted on one or more carbon atoms with one or more alkyl, phenyl, halo, cyano, hydroxy, formyl and amino radicals;

5 L is selected from the group of hydrogen, alkyl, alkyloxy, Ar<sup>3</sup>-oxy, alkyloxycarbonyl, mono- and di(alkyl)amino, mono-and di(Ar<sup>3</sup>)amino, Ar<sup>3</sup>, Ar<sup>3</sup>carbonyl, Het<sup>2</sup> and Het<sup>2</sup>carbonyl;

10 Ar<sup>1</sup> is phenyl, optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents, each independently from each other, selected from the group of halo, alkyl, cyano, aminocarbonyl and alkyloxy;

15 Ar<sup>2</sup> is naphthalenyl or phenyl, each optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents, each independently from each other, selected from the group of halo, nitro, amino, mono- and di(alkyl)amino, cyano, alkyl, hydroxy, alkyloxy, carboxyl, alkyloxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl and mono- and di(alkyl)aminocarbonyl;

20 Ar<sup>3</sup> is naphthalenyl or phenyl, optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents, each independently from each other, selected from the group of alkyloxy, alkyl, halo, hydroxy, pyridinyl, morpholinyl, pyrrolidinyl, imidazo[1,2-a]pyridinyl, morpholinylcarbonyl, pyrrolidinylcarbonyl, amino and cyano;

25 Het<sup>1</sup> is a monocyclic heterocyclic radical selected from the the group of pyrrolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, furanyl, thieryl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl and pyridazinyl; or a bicyclic heterocyclic radical selected from the group of quinolinyl, quinoxaliny, indolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzisothiazolyl, benzofuranyl and benzothienyl; each heterocyclic radical may optionally be

substituted on any atom by a radical selected from the group of halo and alkyl;

Het<sup>2</sup> is a monocyclic heterocyclic radical selected from the group of pyrrolidinyl, 5 dioxolyl, imidazolidinyl, pyrazolidinyl, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, dithianyl, thiomorpholinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, 2H-pyrrolyl, pyrrolinyl, imidazolinyl, pyrazolinyl, pyrrolyl, imidazolyl, 10 pyrazolyl, triazolyl, furanyl, thienyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl and triazinyl;

or a bicyclic heterocyclic radical selected 15 from the group of benzopiperidinyl, quinolinyl, quinoxalinyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, chromenyl, benzimidazolyl, imidazo[1,2-a]pyridinyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzisothiazolyl, benzofuranyl and benzothienyl;

each radical optionally substituted with one 20 or more radicals selected from the group of Ar<sup>1</sup>, Ar<sup>1</sup>alkyl, halo, hydroxy, alkyl, piperidinyl, pyrrolyl, thienyl, oxo, alkyloxy, alkyloxyalkyl and alkyloxycarbonyl; and

25 alkyl is a straight or branched saturated hydrocarbon radical having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms or a cyclic saturated hydrocarbon radicals having from 3 to 6 carbon atoms; optionally substituted on one or more carbon atoms with one or more radicals 30 selected from the group of phenyl, halo, cyano, oxo, hydroxy, formyl and amino.

2. (Original) A compound according to claim 1, characterized in that

35 n is 1;

m is 1;

p is 1;

- q is 0;  
Q is O;  
X is a covalent bond;  
each R<sup>1</sup> is Ar<sup>1</sup> or Ar<sup>1</sup>-alkyl; R<sup>2</sup> is Ar<sup>2</sup>;
- 5 Y is a covalent bond or a bivalent radical of formula -  
C(=O)- ;  
each Alk represents, independently from each other, a  
covalent bond
- L is selected from the group of hydrogen, alkyloxy, Ar<sup>3</sup>  
10 and Het<sup>2</sup>;
- Ar<sup>1</sup> is phenyl;  
Ar<sup>2</sup> is phenyl, optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 alkyl  
radicals;
- 15 Ar<sup>3</sup> is phenyl, optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3  
substituents, each independently from each other,  
selected from the group of alkyl and halo;
- Het<sup>2</sup> is a monocyclic heterocyclic radical selected from  
the group of pyrazolyl, furanyl and isoxazolyl,  
each radical optionally substituted with one or  
20 more alkyl radicals; and
- alkyl is a straight hydrocarbon radical having 1 to 6  
carbon atoms, optionally substituted with one or  
more halo radicals.
- 25 3. (Currently Amended) A compound according to Claim 1  
~~any of claims 1-2, characterized in that wherein R<sup>1</sup> is~~  
~~Ar<sup>1</sup>methyl and attached to the 2-position or R<sup>1</sup> is Ar<sup>1</sup> and~~  
~~attached to the 3-position.~~
- 30 4. (Currently Amended) A compound according to ~~any of~~  
~~claims 1-3, characterized in that Claim 1 wherein the~~  
~~R<sup>2</sup>-X-C(=Q)- moiety is 3,5-di-(trifluoromethyl)~~  
~~phenylcarbonyl.~~
- 35 5. (Currently Amended) A compound according to ~~any of~~  
~~claims 1-4, characterized in that Claim 1 wherein p is~~  
1.

6. (Currently Amended) A compound according to ~~any of~~  
~~claims 1-5, characterized in that~~ Claim 1 wherein Y is -  
C(=O) - .

5

7. (Currently Amended) A compound according to ~~any of~~  
~~claims 1-6, characterized in that~~ Claim 1 wherein Alk is  
a covalent bond.

10 8. (Currently Amended) A compound according to ~~any of~~  
~~claims 1-3, characterized in that~~ Claim 1 wherein L is  
Het<sup>2</sup>.

15 9. (Original) A compound select from the group of  
compounds with compound number 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8,  
9 and 10 as mentioned described in Table 1.

20 (Currently Amended) 11. 10. A compound according to ~~any~~  
~~one of claims 1-10~~ claim 1 for use as an orally  
active, central penetrating medicine.

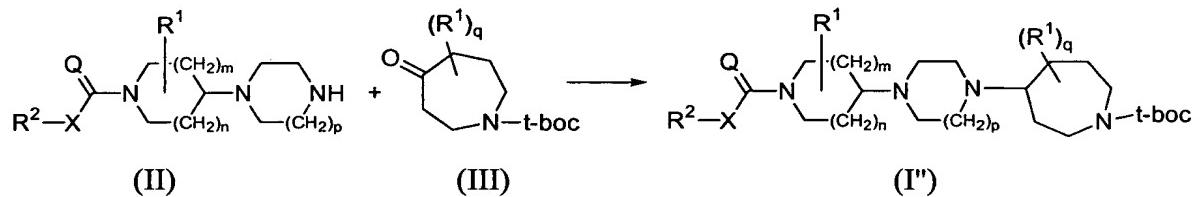
25 (Currently Amended) 12. 11 The use of a compound  
according to ~~any one of claims 1-11~~ claim 1 for the  
manufacture of a medicament for treating tachykinin  
mediated conditions.

30 (Currently Amended) [14]. 13. A pharmaceutical composition  
comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and,  
as active ingredient, a therapeutically effective  
amount of a compound according to ~~any one of claims 1-~~  
~~9~~ claim 1.

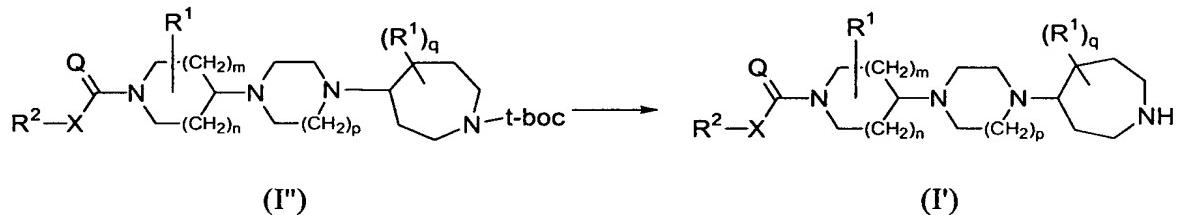
35 (Currently Amended) 15. 14. A process for preparing a  
pharmaceutical composition as claimed in ~~claim 14,~~  
~~characterized in that a pharmaceutically comprising~~  
mixing a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier is

~~intimately mixed with a therapeutically effective amount of a compound as claimed in any one of claims~~  
~~1-9~~ Claim 1.

5 (Currently Amended) ~~16~~ 15. A process for the preparation of a compound of Formula (I'') in which an intermediate compound of Formula (II) is reacted with an intermediate compound of Formula (III), wherein the radicals R<sup>2</sup>, X, Q, R<sup>1</sup>, m, n, p and q are as defined in  
10 claim 1.



17. ~~16~~ 16. (Currently Amended) A process for the preparation of a compound of Formula (I') in which a  
15 final compound of Formula (I'') is reductively hydrogenated, wherein the radicals R<sup>2</sup>, X, Q, R<sup>1</sup>, m, n, p and q are as defined in claim 1.



20 18. ~~17~~ 17. (Currently Amended) A process for the preparation of a compound according to Formula (I') comprising the consecutive steps of  
25 1) obtaining a compound of Formula (I'') according to claim ~~16~~ 15;  
2) obtaining a compound of Formula (I') according to claim ~~17~~ 16.